

1. High yield indicators of an organic illness include all of these except?
 - a) disorientation
 - b) rapid onset
 - c) no pre morbid decline
 - d) a score of 23 on Folsteins Mini Mental state Examination
 - e) first presentation of mental illness
2. Delirium is characterized by all except?
 - a) fluctuating or decreased level of consciousness
 - b) disorientation
 - c) age greater than 40
 - d) visual hallucinations and delusions
 - e) movement disorders
3. Regarding Folsteins Mini Mental State examination which is incorrect?
 - a) it is scored out of thirty
 - b) its aim is aid in the determination of whether an illness is organic or psychiatric in origin
 - c) a score of 20 or less indicates cognitive impairment
 - d) it includes calculation, memory recall and comprehension
 - e) orientation makes up 10% of the marks
4. Do a Mini Mental State Examination on your study buddy.
5. With regards to violent behaviour which is false?
 - a) organic disorders are a more frequent cause of violent behaviour than psychiatric disorders in Australian hospitals
 - b) hypoxia, head injury and dementia are frequently identified organic mental disorders causing violence
 - c) a violent patient should be triaged national triage category 2
 - d) an agitated pt who is loud and pacing excessively is likely to become aggressive
 - e) a violent patient cannot be legally chemically restrained if they specifically ask not to be
6. The general indications for the use of chemical and physical restraint include all except?
 - a) at the patient's request
 - b) to prevent significant harm to the environment of the emergency department
 - c) to allow evaluation, investigation and treatment of the patient
 - d) to facilitate taking of a police blood alcohol sample
 - e) to prevent imminent harm to the patient or to others
7. With the use of physical restraints all are true except?
 - a) they should be non-locking
 - b) vital sign should be taken every fifteen minutes
 - c) the pt should be supervised at all times
 - d) the doctor must document the requirement for restrains
 - e) there must be temporary relief of one of the four point restraints every hour to minimize neurovascular compromise
8. With regard to chemical restraint which is false?
 - a) the end point of rapid tranquilization is sedation
 - b) diazepam should not be given i.m.
 - c) a patient should be offered oral sedation first
 - d) the antipsychotic agents should not be used in seizure prone patients
 - e) both the i.v and the i.m routes are acceptable routes of administration

9. With regards to suicide which is false?

- a) the most common methods of suicide in Australia include hanging, firearms and CO poisoning
- b) suicide is the leading cause of death under 30 years of age in Australia
- c) suicide is more likely if you are male, single and unemployed
- d) there is pre-existing psychiatric illness in 90-100% of pts who suicide
- e) 20% of schizophrenic pts die by suicide, usually during an acute psychotic phase of the illness

10. With regard to suicide and deliberate self harm which is false?

- a) the peak age for suicide for men is in the early 20's
- b) the peak age for suicide for women is in the early 30's
- c) the most common cause of DSH is self poisoning
- d) a score of 10 on the sad persons scale suggests a high risk of suicide
- e) a score of 8 on the sad persons scale suggests a low risk of suicide

11. Complete this sad person scale below. ie what do the letters stand for?

S
A
D
P
E
R
S
O
N
S

12. With regards to schizophrenia which is false?

- a) it affects 1% of the population
- b) it usually has a gradual onset over months
- c) there is up to a 25% incidence of secondary depression
- d) the diagnosis of schizophrenia can only be made after the illness has been going for 6 weeks
- e) the earlier the onset the worse the prognosis

13. Which is false with regards to dementia?

- a) there is a disturbance of cognitive and higher cortical functioning
- b) consciousness is sometimes clouded but not always
- c) it is characterized by short term memory loss
- d) there is also some evidence of global memory impairment
- e) it is a disease of the elderly

14. Which is incorrect with regard to the DSM IV classification of psychiatric illness?

- a) Axis 1 describes the clinical syndrome of mental disorder
- b) Axis V describes the global assessment of functioning
- c) A lacerated wrist would be an Axis III disorder
- d) Borderline personality disorder would be an axis IV disorder
- e) Dementia and delirium can be an Axis I diagnosis
- f) Alcohol intoxication can be an Axis I diagnosis

15. Which is not a positive symptom of schizophrenia?

- a) hallucinations
- b) delusions
- c) disorganized behaviour

- d) disorganized speech
- e) lack of volition

16. Which is not true of major depression?

- a) it affects 10% of the population
- b) it is more common in men
- c) the symptoms must be present for at least two weeks to make the diagnosis
- d) it is more common if an individual has a family history of depression
- e) it is primarily due to a disorder of noradrenaline and serotonin in the limbic system

17. Conversion disorder, which is false?

- a) the patient consciously produces the symptom
- b) the symptom cannot be explained by a known organic aetiology
- c) the symptom expressed is a loss or change in physical function, suggesting a physical disorder
- d) the symptom is not pain
- e) the patient must have experienced a recent psychosocial stressor

ANSWERS

- | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1)D | 2)E | 3)E | 4)30 | 5)E | 6)D |
| 7)E | 8)A | 9)E | 10)E | 11)D | 12)D |
| 13)B | | | | | |
| 14)D | 15)E | 16)B | 17)A | | |

20/8/14: 11/15

13 Which of the following patient features is LEAST associated with the risk of suicide?

- a) Male gender
- b) Divorced
- c) Excessive drug use
- d) Loss of rational thought
- e) Age between 19 and 65 years

9. In conversion disorder (psychiatry)

- A. pain is commonly a factor in presentation
- B. often have varied presentations
- C. usually has a dramatic presentation

C

10. anxiety related Hyperventilation- repeat q

- A. more common in females
- B. is related to hypophosphatemia

A

42. According to the "Sad Persons" Scale used to assess suicide risk, which of the following features scores 2 points?

- a) loss of rational thinking
- b) excessive drug use
- c) single, separated or divorced
- d) male gender
- e) severe personality disorder

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A

1. Schizophrenia is associated with

- a) a predominant pattern of acute onset of symptoms and signs
- b) blunting of emotion and lack of volition which is responsive to anti-psychotic medication
- c) loosening of associations
- d) psychosis of less than 4 weeks duration after a stressful trigger
- e) rapid, pressurised speech

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C

57. Which ONE of the following is NOT an early characteristic or association of senile dementia:

- a) Demonstrable cortical atrophy
- b) Paranoid delusions
- c) Onset after 65 years of age
- d) Loss of long term memory
- e) Loss of short term memory

1. All of the following characteristics are associated with an increased suicide risk EXCEPT

- A. psychosis
- B. unemployment
- C. chronic illness
- D. first attempt
- E. readily available lethal weapon

49) Regarding differentiation of dementia with depression which of the following is useful

- a. Early loss of short term memory loss
- b. Answers all questions with 'don't know'
- c. Loss of autonomy at home
- d.
- e.

50) With respect to schizophrenia which is false

- a. An associated delusional disorder is characteristic
- b. Olfactory hallucinations are common
- c.
- d.
- e.

31) Regarding the diagnosis of schizophrenia which of the following is TRUE?

- a. According to DSM IV criteria all patients with the diagnosis of schizophrenia must have hallucinations
- b. 10% of patients have a 1st degree relative with the condition
- c. Drugs can cause schizophrenia
- d. As
- e. As

31) Regarding the diagnosis of schizophrenia

- a. According to DSM IV criteria must have hallucinations. False – 2 of hallucinations, disorganized speech (due to thought disorder), delusions or bizarre behavior and negative symptoms
- b. 10% have 1st degree relative with the condition. ? not sure, there is some familial predisposition but its not this strong
- c. Drugs can cause schizophrenia. False – can cause drug induced psychosis

12. Features consistent with bipolar disorder include all the following except

Impulsivity

Lack of remorse

Unstable relationships

Labile emotions

Self harm behaviour